

BEGIN - SEPTEMBER 23, 1961

30.24-1749

A122

U R G E N T
FOURTH NIGHT LEAD GERMANY
BY GEORGE BOULTWOOD

BERLIN, SEPT. 23 (AP)-GEN. LUCIUS D. CLAY, PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S SPECIAL ENVOY TO BERLIN, ASSERTED TODAY THERE HAS BEEN NO CHANGE IN U.S. POLICY ON GERMANY AND THAT THE WEST IS DETERMINED TO MAINTAIN ITS RIGHTS IN DIVIDED BERLIN.

AT THE SAME TIME IT WAS DISCLOSED THAT CLAY HAD ADVISED WEST GERMANY TO FACE UP TO THE REALITY OF COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY.

CLAY CAME OUT WITH THE ADVICE YESTERDAY IN A PRIVATE TALK WITH REPORTERS AND WEST BERLIN PUBLISHERS. CLAY INSISTED THAT HE SHOULD NOT BE QUOTED, BUT THE STORY CREATED SUCH A FUROR IN WESTERN POLITICAL CIRCLES THAT HIS NAME QUICKLY BECAME CONNECTED WITH IT.

THE GENERAL CALLED IN REPORTERS TODAY TO ISSUE A STATEMENT DECLARING "THERE HAS BEEN NO CHANGE IN U.S. POLICY AND NO CHANGE WAS ANNOUNCED BY A U.S. SPOKESMAN IN BERLIN."

INFORMED SOURCES SAID IT IS CLEAR THAT THE UNITED STATES HAS NOT MADE ANY DECISION AT THIS STAGE TO GIVE ANY RECOGNITION OF THE EAST GERMAN COMMUNIST REGIME. BUT THE NEW LINE TAKEN BY CLAY APPARENTLY WAS INTENDED TO SET THE STAGE FOR A WESTERN PACKAGE PROPOSAL IN FORTHCOMING NEGOTIATIONS WITH RUSSIA ON BERLIN.

SUCH A PROPOSAL MAY SEEK TO TRADE SOME LIMITED RECOGNITION OF EAST GERMANY FOR A FORMAL CONFIRMATION BY BOTH THE SOVIETS AND EAST GERMANS OF WESTERN RIGHTS IN BERLIN AND ON THE ACCESS ROUTES TO THE ISOLATED CITY.

A PROPOSAL OF THIS NATURE WOULD CONSTITUTE A MAJOR CONCESSION INTENDED TO SAFEGUARD THE FREEDOM OF WEST BERLIN.

INFORMANTS SAID THE U.S. GOVERNMENT EVIDENTLY BELIEVED WEST GERMANY WOULD HAVE TO BE PREPARED FOR ANY SUCH FUNDAMENTAL CHANGE IN THE WESTERN POSITION.

WESTERN POLICY SINCE THE WAR HAS BEEN BASED ON THE PRINCIPLE THAT THE EAST GERMAN REGIME IS ILLEGAL AND THAT THERE CAN BE NO OFFICIAL DEALINGS WITH IT.

CLAY'S TALK WITH REPORTERS YESTERDAY WAS DESCRIBED AS A BACKGROUND BRIEFING. MORE THAN 100 WESTERN NEWSMEN, INCLUDING SEVERAL WEST BERLIN PUBLISHERS, ATTENDED THE 90-MINUTE SESSION AT CLAY'S LAKESIDE RESIDENCE IN THE FASHIONABLE WANSEE DISTRICT OF WEST BERLIN.

CLAY TALKED FREELY OF THE U.S. VIEW OF FORTHCOMING NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE SOVIET UNION, ON THE UNDERSTANDING THAT HIS REMARKS WOULD NOT BE ATTRIBUTED TO HIM. IN THE SUBSEQUENT UPROAR OVER WHAT HE HAD SAID, ONE WEST BERLIN NEWSPAPER (TAGESSPIEGEL) DIRECTLY IMPLIED THAT CLAY WAS THE SOURCE.

THE DISCLOSURE THEN SPREAD TO OTHER PAPERS AND TO AN AMERICAN RADIO NETWORK. CLAY'S STATEMENT TODAY WAS AT LEAST A PARTIAL ON-THE-RECORD DENIAL OF WHAT HE HAD SAID OFF THE RECORD.

CLAY IN HIS PUBLIC STATEMENT RECALLED THAT THE REUNIFICATION OF GERMANY REMAINS THE ULTIMATE GOAL OF U.S. POLICY ON GERMANY. HE DID NOT SAY HOW OR WHEN THIS COULD BE ACHIEVED.

THE GENERAL ALSO REAFFIRMED U.S. POLICY TO KEEP OPEN THE AIR CORRIDORS TO THIS COMMUNIST-ENCIRCLED CITY.

"WE ARE IN BERLIN BY RIGHT OF VICTORY," HE SAID, "AND WE PROPOSE TO MAINTAIN RIGHTS OF ACCESS ON THE GROUND FOR ALLIED PERSONNEL AND TO KEEP THE USE OF THE AIR CORRIDORS COMPLETELY FREE."

CLAY TONIGHT ORDERED RESUMPTION OF U.S. ARMY PATROLS ON THE 110-MILE AUTOBAHN BETWEEN WEST GERMANY AND BERLIN AFTER A LAPSE OF NINE YEARS.

AN ARMY SPOKESMAN SAID THE ACTION WAS TAKEN "TO ASSIST AMERICAN MILITARY TRAVELERS" ALONG THE HIGHWAY ACROSS COMMUNIST TERRITORY.

INFORMED SOURCES SAID THE ORDER STEMMED FROM AN AUTOBAHN INCIDENT LAST THURSDAY IN WHICH TWO U.S. SOLDIERS WERE DETAINED BY COMMUNIST POLICE FOR SIX HOURS.

WEST GERMAN PRESIDENT HEINRICH LUEBKE AND MAYOR WILLY BRANDT OF WEST BERLIN CONFERRED HERE FOLLOWING THE DISCLOSURE THAT WEST GERMAN OFFICIALS ARE BEING ADVISED TO FACE UP TO THE EXISTENCE OF COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY, WHETHER THEY LIKE IT OR NOT.

INFORMED SOURCES SAID GERMAN OFFICIALS REGARD THIS AS THE PRELUDE TO A MORE ELASTIC U.S. ATTITUDE IN FUTURE ATTEMPTS TO GET AN EAST-WEST SETTLEMENT OF THE BERLIN AND GERMAN PROBLEMS. LUEBKE FLEW INTO THE CITY EARLIER IN THE DAY.

(TASS, THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY, TOOK NOTE OF THE REPORTS EMANATING FROM BERLIN TODAY, QUOTING DISPATCHES AS SAYING "THE TWO WEST GERMAN STATES ARE A REALITY AND WEST GERMANY SHOULD ACCEPT THAT FACT." TASS ALSO NOTED THAT THE BERLIN NEWSPAPER DER TAGESSPIEGEL HAD CONNECTED THE REPORTS TO GEN. CLAY AND THAT THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT HAD CALLED THE REPORTS "HIGHLY INACCURATE.")

LUEBKE CAME HERE ON ONE OF HIS PERIODIC VISITS INTENDED TO STRESS WEST GERMANY'S TIES WITH ISOLATED BERLIN. HE REGULARLY FLIES HERE ACROSS COMMUNIST TERRITORY DESPITE RED CHARGES THAT HIS VISITS ARE MISUSES OF THE AIR CORRIDORS TO STIR UP TROUBLE.

HE IS ATTENDING THE OPENING TOMORROW OF WEST BERLIN'S NEW OPERA HOUSE. BUT THE SHINE WAS TAKEN OFF THE OCCASION BY THE UPROAR CAUSED BY THE REPORTS OF THE NEW AMERICAN LINE.

AFTERNOON PAPERS WERE OUT WITH HEADLINES EXPRESSING GERMAN CONSTERNATION AS BRANDT HURRIED TO THE PRESIDENT'S RESIDENCE. AFTERWARD BRANDT SAID IN A SPEECH:

"WE ARE POORER OF SOME HOPES BUT ALSO, POSSIBLY FOR OUR BENEFIT, FREED OF SOME ILLUSIONS."

HE WAS SPEAKING AT THE OPENING OF THE BERLIN THEATER FESTIVAL. STATEMENTS BRANDT MADE YESTERDAY IN SEVERAL PUBLIC APPEARANCES SHOWED HE WAS PREPARED FOR AND DISAPPOINTED BY THE AMERICAN STANDPOINT.

HE REMINDED THE WEST OF ITS TREATY OBLIGATIONS TO REPRESENT THE INTERESTS OF ALL GERMANY IN WORKING FOR REUNIFICATION WHILE PRESERVING BERLIN'S LINKS WITH WEST GERMANY. HE SAID THERE WOULD BE NO GERMAN RECOGNITION OF "ANY DOCUMENT THAT MAKES THE DIVISION OF GERMANY ETERNAL."

IT WAS A SHOCK TO WEST GERMANS TO HEAR REPORTS THAT THE ALLIES WERE SOFTENING THEIR REFUSAL OF THE PAST 12 YEARS TO ACCORD ANY RECOGNITION TO THE COMMUNIST REGIME OF EAST GERMANY ON THE GROUND IT WAS PROPPED UP ONLY BY SOVIET BAYONETS.

IT CAME JUST AS WEST GERMAN LEADERS WERE DEEPLY EMBROILED IN DIFFICULT NEGOTIATIONS TO FORM A NEW GOVERNMENT AFTER CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER HAD LOST HIS ABSOLUTE MAJORITY IN THE BONN PARLIAMENT. INEVITABLY IT BRINGS UP THE QUESTION OF THE FUTURE LEADERSHIP'S RELATIONS WITH THE ALLIES AND A REAPPRAISAL OF BONN'S MEMBERSHIP OF NATO.

A STATEMENT FOR THE U.S. MISSION IN BERLIN STRESSED THAT U.S. POLICY "HAS NEVER RECOGNIZED ANY RIGHT OF CONTROL OR SUPERVISION BY EAST GERMANS OF THE AIR CORRIDORS OR ALLIED ACCESS

TO BERLIN."
CLAY UNDERLINED HIS AMERICAN PRESENCE IN BERLIN TODAY BY REVIEWING A PARADE OF 3,000 AMERICAN TROOPS. POLICE ESTIMATED 30,000 GERMAN AND AMERICAN SPECTATORS TURNED OUT TO CHEER. HELICOPTERS BUZZED LOW WITH SIGNS READING "WELCOME GEN. CLAY" AFTER INFANTRY IN BATTLE DRESS, JEEPS, 25 PATTON TANKS AND HOWITZERS HAD MARCHED PAST THE PRESIDENT'S ENVOY. A NEW ANTIRIOT GADGET WAS SHOWN--AN ARMORED PERSONNEL CARRIER WITH A 30-FOOT SECTION OF ELECTRIFIED FENCING AS A BUMPER. MANY OF THE MARCHING TROOPS CARRIED THE ARMY'S NEW M14 RIFLES.

RP330PED

A146

(260)

FIRST LEAD GERMANY (INTERPRETIVE)

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

NEW YORK, SEPT. 23 (AP)--IN SPITE OF OFFICIAL DENIALS, THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION EVIDENTLY HAS OPENED THE FIRST PHASE OF A CAMPAIGN TO REVISE ALLIED POLICY ON GERMANY IN PREPARATION FOR POSSIBLE NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE SOVIET UNION ON A BERLIN CRISIS SETTLEMENT.

OFFICIALS SAID TODAY THAT U.S. POLICY ON BERLIN AND THE FUTURE OF GERMANY IS UNCHANGED, BUT EVIDENCE INCREASED THAT A NEW, OR ELASTIC, APPROACH TO BERLIN BARGAINING IS NOW DEVELOPING.

IN BERLIN ITSELF, HIGH U.S. OFFICIALS REPEATED WHAT THEY HAD SAID YESTERDAY--THAT THEY ARE ADVISING WEST GERMAN LEADERS TO FACE UP TO THE EXISTENCE OF COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY.

SUCH ADVICE, IF WEST GERMANY ACCEPTS IT, COULD LEAD TO LIMITED WESTERN RECOGNITION OF RED RULE AND THEREFORE TO WESTERN BARGAINING WITH RUSSIA OVER AN EAST GERMAN ROLE IN CONTROL OF THE SUPPLY LINES TO BERLIN.

STATEMENTS ISSUED BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT IN THIS COUNTRY, INCLUDING THE HEADQUARTERS HERE OF SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK, AND BY THE OFFICE OF THE AMERICAN MISSION IN WEST BERLIN IMPLIED DENIALS OF THE NEW APPROACH TO THE WEST GERMANS ON THE EAST GERMAN PROBLEM.

WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY PIERRE SALINGER SAID AT HYANNIS PORT, MASS., WHERE PRESIDENT KENNEDY IS SPENDING THE WEEKEND, HE WOULD REST ON THE STATE DEPARTMENT STATEMENTS.

BUT THE STATEMENTS WERE VAGUE AND IMPRECISE AND APPEARED TO BE MAINLY DESIGNED TO COVER UP THE WESTERN BARGAINING POSITION IN ANY NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE SOVIETS.

VARIOUS REPORTS HERE AND IN GERMANY IDENTIFIED GEN. LUCIUS D. CLAY, PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S SPECIAL AMBASSADOR TO BERLIN, AS THE SOURCE OF THE INFORMATION ABOUT THE NEW APPROACH. SOME ACCOUNTS SAID HE HAD TALKED WITH NEWSMEN YESTERDAY IN BERLIN.

ACTUALLY, THE MOVE WAS IN LINE WITH REPORTS FROM THE WESTERN FOREIGN MINISTERS' CONFERENCE IN WASHINGTON A WEEK AGO. THE WESTERN MINISTERS CONSIDERED A WIDE RANGE OF ISSUES FOR NEGOTIATION WITH RUSSIA BUT MADE NO EFFORT TO COME TO AGREEMENT. THEY CONTINUED BASIC WESTERN POLICY ON BERLIN UNCHANGED, PENDING FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS.

THE KEY TO THE SITUATION SEEMS TO LIE IN THE NEXT MOVES TO BE MADE BY SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV.

IF HE INDICATES TO THE WESTERN POWERS THAT HE IS READY TO AGREE TO A COMPROMISE WAY OUT OF THE WAR-THREATENING DISPUTE, HE SEEMS LIKELY TO FIND THE WEST WILLING TO CONSIDER A NUMBER OF CHANGES. IF HE TRIES TO DICTATE THE TERMS OF SETTLEMENT, HOWEVER, THE WEST POSITION WILL UNDOUBTEDLY BE HARDENED.

NEWS DISPATCHES FROM BERLIN LAST NIGHT SAID AMERICAN OFFICIALS ARE TELLING WEST GERMAN AUTHORITIES THAT COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY IS A FACT OF LIFE AND THAT THE WEST GERMANS MUST FACE UP TO IT. THE DISPATCHES SPOKE OF DISCUSSION OF THE POSSIBILITY OF LETTING THE COMMUNIST REGIME SHARE SOME POWER OVER ACCESS TO WEST BERLIN. THE IMPORT OF THE BERLIN DISPATCHES IS THAT THE UNITED STATES, AT

LEAST INFORMALLY, IS ADVISING THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT TO CONSIDER DEALING WITH THE REALITY OF AN EAST GERMAN STATE. SHOULD THAT OCCUR IT WOULD MARK A RADICAL CHANGE IN WEST GERMANY'S LONG STANDING POLICY AND INTRODUCE A NEW ELEMENT INTO OVERALL ALLIED POLICY.

IN A STATEMENT ISSUED IN WASHINGTON AND NEW YORK THE STATE DEPARTMENT CHARACTERIZED REPORTS ON THIS SUBJECT FROM GERMANY AS HIGHLY INACCURATE. THE STATEMENT DID NOT SPECIFY WHICH REPORTS OR WHAT DETAILS IT CONSIDERED INACCURATE. IT DID SAY THAT PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK HAVE DEFINED U.S. POLICY ON GERMANY AND BERLIN.

PRIVATELY OFFICIALS SAID U.S. POLICY ON GERMANY HAS NOT CHANGED, BUT NO ONE HAS SAID IT WOULD NEVER CHANGE. IT IS IN THIS CONNECTION THAT THE PROBLEM OF SOUNDING OUT MOSCOW ON POSSIBLE NEGOTIATIONS BECOMES CRUCIAL. RUSSIA'S DEMAND FOR SOME KIND OF EAST GERMAN CONTROL OVER BERLIN ACCESS ROUTES, FOR EXAMPLE, WOULD BE AN ISSUE IN ANY NEGOTIATIONS--AND ONE ON WHICH THE WESTERN POWERS INTEND NOT TO DISCLOSE THEIR BARGAINING POSITION IN ADVANCE.

THE QUESTION OF WHETHER THERE ARE TO BE NEGOTIATIONS IS NOW UNDER DISCUSSIONS BETWEEN RUSK AND SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO HERE IN NEW YORK. THEY TALKED FOR 4 1/2 HOURS THURSDAY AND PLAN TO MEET AGAIN NEXT WEEK. RUSK IS KEEPING THE WESTERN ALLIES, PARTICULARLY BRITAIN, FRANCE AND WEST GERMANY, INFORMED.

RUSK TOLD GROMYKO THAT THE WEST IS WILLING TO NEGOTIATE BUT NOT ON KHRUSHCHEV'S TERMS. FOR THE WESTERN POWERS THE CRITICAL ISSUE NOW IS WHETHER KHRUSHCHEV WILL ACCEPT A BROADER NEGOTIATING BASE--WHETHER HE WILL AGREE TO PUT ON THE TABLE NOT ONLY HIS PROPOSAL FOR AN EAST GERMAN PEACE TREATY BUT ALSO THE WIDER PROBLEMS OF GERMANY AND EUROPEAN SECURITY.

WITH THE PROSPECTS FOR NEGOTIATION UNCLEAR, A CONFERENCE OF WESTERN FOREIGN MINISTERS IN WASHINGTON LAST WEEK REPORTEDLY TALKED OVER--BUT MADE NO FIRM DECISION--ON THE ISSUES OVER WHICH THE WEST MIGHT BE WILLING TO BARGAIN WITH THE RUSSIANS.

INCLUDED IN THAT DISCUSSION, HIGH DIPLOMATIC INFORMANTS SAID, WERE SUCH QUESTIONS AS RECOGNITION OF THE FACT OF RED RULE OVER EAST GERMANY, THE POSSIBILITY OF BASING UNITED NATIONS AGENCIES IN BERLIN, THE NECESSITY OF CONTINUED WESTERN ACCESS TO WEST BERLIN, VARIOUS PROPOSALS FOR SETTING UP AN ARMS CONTROL ZONE IN CENTRAL EUROPE WHICH WOULD INCLUDE GERMAN TERRITORY.

THE LAST TIME THE WESTERN POWERS CONFERRED WITH RUSSIA ON GERMANY AND BERLIN WAS IN 1959 AND THEY RULED OUT ANY CONSIDERATION OF ALTERING THE STATUS OF BERLIN, THE OPERATION OF ITS ACCESS ROUTES, OR THE EAST GERMAN NONRECOGNITION POLICY. RUSSIA WAS AT LEAST AS ADAMANT IN ITS VIEWS AND THESE TALKS ENDED WITH NO PROGRESS TOWARD AGREEMENT.

SINCE THE NEW ADMINISTRATION TOOK OVER IN WASHINGTON AND KHRUSHCHEV FIRED UP THE BERLIN CRISIS AGAIN IN JUNE, PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND SECRETARY RUSK HAVE CONFINED THEIR STATEMENTS OF UNITED STATES POLICY ON BERLIN TO WHAT THEY CONSIDER THE CENTRAL AND UNCOMPROMISABLE ISSUES. THEY HAVE STATED THESE TO BE: MAINTENANCE OF THE PROTECTIVE WESTERN MILITARY GARRISONS IN WEST BERLIN, CONTINUED FREE USE OF THE ACCESS ROUTES, AND CONTINUED FREEDOM FROM RED RULE FOR THE PEOPLE OF WEST BERLIN.

IN TAKING A FIRM STAND ON THESE "VITAL INTERESTS"--AS RUSK HAS CALLED THEM--KENNEDY AND HIS SECRETARY OF STATE HAVE LEFT OPEN TO SPECULATION AND POSSIBLE DIPLOMATIC MANEUVER A NUMBER OF RELATED AREAS OF THE EAST-WEST DISPUTE SUCH AS THOSE REVIEWED BY THE WESTERN MINISTERS IN WASHINGTON.

WHAT THEY MIGHT ACTUALLY DO ABOUT ANY OF THESE RELATED ISSUES, AND ESPECIALLY THE EAST GERMAN RECOGNITION QUESTION, WOULD BE HEAVILY, PERHAPS DECISIVELY, INFLUENCED BY THE ATTITUDES OF THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT AND POPULATION.

WHAT SEEMS TO BE GOING ON--NOW THAT LAST SUNDAY'S WEST GERMAN ELECTIONS ARE OUT OF THE WAY--IS AN EFFORT ON THE PART OF SOME AMERICAN OFFICIALS TO GET THE WEST GERMANS TO TAKE A FRESH LOOK AT WHERE THEY STAND AND HOW, IN THE LONG RUN THEY MOST EFFECTIVELY WORK TOWARD REUNITING THEIR COUNTRY.

DB317AED

BERLIN, SEPT. 23 (AP)--MAYOR WILLY BRANDT OF WEST BERLIN LAST NIGHT WARNED THE WESTERN ALLIES NOT TO EVADE THEIR RESPONSIBILITIES TOWARD BERLIN IN THE COMING NEW PHASE OF THE GERMAN PROBLEM.

AT A NEWS CONFERENCE BRANDT REMINDED THE WESTERN POWERS THEY HAD TREATY OBLIGATIONS TO REPRESENT THE INTERESTS OF GERMANY AS A WHOLE AND THAT THERE ARE CONSTITUTIONAL LINKS BETWEEN WEST BERLIN AND WEST GERMANY THAT MUST BE PRESERVED. THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT SHOULD "PERHAPS SAY THIS MORE PLAINLY THAN WAS THE CASE UP TO NOW," HE SAID.

IF IN THE OPINION OF THE WESTERN ALLIES CERTAIN THINGS IN THESE ARRANGEMENTS WERE OUTDATED, SAID BRANDT, "ONE SHOULD SERIOUSLY DISCUSS IT, IF TREATIES ARE TO HAVE ANY SIGNIFICANCE."

HE WAS ANSWERING QUESTIONS ABOUT THE POSSIBLE RECOGNITION OF COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY IN RETURN FOR GUARANTEES OF BERLIN'S FREEDOM.

BRANDT SAID THE EVENTS OF AUG. 13, WHEN THE COMMUNISTS THREW UP THEIR WALL ACROSS BERLIN, SHOWED THE ALLIES WERE "NOT ABLE TO TAKE CARE OF THE RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR BERLIN AS A WHOLE."

IT WAS NOW NECESSARY TO STATE THE THREE-POWER RESPONSIBILITY FOR WEST BERLIN AS PLAINLY AS POSSIBLE, HE SAID.

IN ANY CASE THE SOVIETS MUST NOT BE ALLOWED TO ESTABLISH THEMSELVES AS THE FOURTH POWER IN WEST BERLIN AND THEREBY GIVE THE FOUR-POWER STATUS OF BERLIN A TOTALLY NEW AND FATEFUL CONTENT, HE ADDED.

HE SAID AUG. 13 HAD ENDED A WHOLE POST-WAR PHASE OF THE GERMAN QUESTION AND NOW IT WAS NECESSARY TO SEEK A NEW BASIS OF POLICY OVER GERMANY AND BERLIN.

WEST BERLINERS WERE SURPRISED AND UPSET BY REPORTS THAT SOME AMERICAN OFFICIALS ARE INCLINED TO ACCEPT THE EXISTENCE OF A COMMUNIST EAST GERMAN STATE AND LET IT HAVE MORE POWER TO CHECK TRAFFIC TO THIS ISOLATED CITY.

THE INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER DER TAGESSPIEGEL LINKED THE STATEMENTS TO A BACKGROUND MEETING HELD FOR NEWSMEN YESTERDAY BY GEN. LUCIUS D. CLAY, PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S NEW ENVOY TO WEST BERLIN.

DER KURIER, WHICH OFTEN SUPPORTS CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER'S CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATIC PARTY, SAID: "THE (U.S.) STATE DEPARTMENT HAS PUT OUT A CAUTIOUS DENIAL, WHICH BECAUSE OF ITS VERY GENERAL TERMS HAS NOT EXTINGUISHED THE DOUBT."

BRANDT'S OFFICE HAD NO COMMENT. THERE WERE REPORTS HOWEVER, THAT THE REPORTED U.S. VIEWPOINT ON EAST GERMANY HAS ALREADY APPEARED IN CONFIDENTIAL PAPERS. YESTERDAY, BRANDT WARNED IN A SPEECH TO THE CITY PARLIAMENT:

"BERLIN WILL BE A POINT IN THE COMING NEGOTIATIONS, BUT CERTAINLY NOT THE CENTRAL PROBLEM. SO FROM THE BERLIN VIEWPOINT I DO NOT NEED TO EMPHASIZE THAT THERE WILL BE NO GERMAN RECOGNITION OF ANY DOCUMENT THAT MAKES THE DIVISION OF GERMANY ETERNAL."

THIS STATEMENT WAS HEADLINED IN BERLIN MORNING PAPERS.

JD708AED

B60

(450)

PARIS, SEPT. 23 (AP)--FORMER FRENCH PREMIER PAUL REYNAUD TODAY QUOTED SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV AS SAYING THAT WESTERN COMMUNICATIONS ROUTES TO WEST BERLIN WOULD BE MAINTAINED AFTER THE CONCLUSION OF A SOVIET PEACE TREATY WITH COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY.

REYNAUD SAW KHRUSHCHEV LAST WEEK AT THE KREMLIN. HE GAVE A LONG ACCOUNT OF THE THREE-HOUR TALK IN A COPYRIGHTED ARTICLE IN THE NEWSPAPER FIGARO TODAY.

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REYNAUD, 82, WHO WAS PREMIER OF FRANCE AT THE TIME OF THE GERMAN INVASION IN 1940, SAID IT WAS HIS THIRD MEETING WITH KHRUSHCHEV. HE SAID HE DID NOT TAKE VERBATIM NOTES OF THE CONVERSATION BUT HAD TAKEN "THE MOST SCRUPULOUS CARE NOT TO ALTER HIS (KHRUSHCHEV'S) THOUGHTS."

REYNAUD TOLD KHRUSHCHEV IN HIS OPENING REMARKS THAT HE WAS ALARMED OVER THE POSSIBILITY OF WAR ON THE ISSUE OF BERLIN. HE REPEATED THEIR CONVERSATION THIS WAY:

"KHRUSHCHEV: THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC (EAST GERMANY) MUST BE A SOVEREIGN STATE.

"REYNAUD: IT CAN BE WITHOUT BEING GIVEN DE JURE (LEGAL) RECOGNITION BY EVERYONE. CHINA IS A SOVEREIGN STATE AND IS NOT RECOGNIZED BY ALL.

"KHRUSHCHEV: YES, BUT IF YOU WANT TO TRAVEL ACROSS ITS TERRITORY, YOU MUST HAVE TALKS. THE WESTERN POWERS WANT TO OBLIGE THE SOVIET UNION TO ADMIT THAT THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC DOES NOT HAVE THE SAME SOVEREIGN RIGHTS. THIS WE CAN NOT ACCEPT.

"REYNAUD: I TOLD YOU THAT IT IS TYPICAL OF A SOVEREIGN STATE TO BE ABLE TO CONSENT TO LIMITATIONS ON THE EXERCISE OF ITS AUTHORITY. IF YOU DO NOT WISH TO ADMIT THAT WEST BERLIN, A SEMI-CAPITAL, AN ISLE IN THE COMMUNIST SEA, IS A UNIQUE FACT--I CITED YOU THE WORDS OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY--THEN YOU ARE HEADING FOR WAR."

"KHRUSHCHEV: I DON'T UNDERSTAND YOU VERY WELL. I REPEAT: THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC WILL HAVE ALL THE RIGHTS OF A SOVEREIGN STATE AND WILL BE ABLE TO HAVE DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH ALL WHO WISH.

"REYNAUD: I AGREE ON THIS POINT.

"KHRUSHCHEV: AFTER THE SIGNATURE OF THE TREATY, THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC COULD MAKE A DECLARATION ON WEST BERLIN, INDEPENDENT CITY OR STATE, AND ALSO ON THE RECIPROCAL NON-INTERFERENCE IN THE AFFAIRS OF THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC.

"AS FOR THE COMMUNICATION WITH THE WEST, ALL THE PRACTICES WHICH PRESENTLY EXIST BETWEEN WEST BERLIN AND THE REST OF THE WORLD WILL BE CONSERVED. IT IS ONLY THE BASE OF THIS PRACTICE WHICH WILL BE CHANGED. UP TO NOW THIS PRACTICE WAS BASED ON THE OCCUPATION REGIME.

"AFTER THE SIGNATURE OF A PEACE TREATY, THIS PRACTICE WILL BE EXERCISED ON THE BASE WHICH NORMALLY EXISTS BETWEEN SOVEREIGN STATES. I UNDERLINE THAT THIS QUESTION OF COMMUNICATIONS MUST BE FORESEEN IN THE PEACE TREATY WITH THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC AND THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC. AND MORE PRECISELY IT MUST BE DETERMINED IN A DOCUMENT DEFINING THE STATUS OF THE FREE CITY OF BERLIN, WHICH SHOULD BE AN INTERNATIONAL ACT. AND, ASSUREDLY, THIS ACT SHOULD BE REGISTERED WITH THE UNITED NATIONS."

TD/WH612PED

A162

BERLIN

BERLIN, SEPT. 23 (AP)--A GROUP OF EAST BERLINERS SEEKING TO ESCAPE TO WEST BERLIN TONIGHT CRASHED A TRUCK PART WAY THROUGH A SECTION OF THE COMMUNIST WALL DIVIDING THE CITY. FIVE OCCUPANTS WERE CAUGHT BY RED POLICE, BUT THE REMAINING FOUR MADE IT TO THE WESTERN SIDE.

THE DARING ESCAPE ATTEMPT OCCURRED AT A STRETCH OF WALL BETWEEN THE DISTRICTS OF TREPTOW IN EAST BERLIN AND KREUZBERG IN WEST BERLIN. THE COMMUNISTS HAD REINFORCED THE WALL AFTER SEVERAL SUCCESSFUL ESCAPES.

THE TRUCK WAS RAMMED AT HIGH SPEED AGAINST THE WALL BUT BECAME JAMMED IN THE RUBBLE AND FAILED TO BREAK THROUGH INTO THE WEST. THE FIVE PEOPLE ARRESTED WERE ALL IN THE REAR OF THE VEHICLE.

FS1126PED

A90 500

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR PMS SATURDAY

BY MICHAEL GOLDSMITH

(ADVANCE) BERLIN, SEPT. 23 (AP)—A SCHOOL TEACHER STOOD WITH HER CLASS IN THE EERIE DARKNESS OF EAST BERLIN'S STADTMITTE SUBWAY STATION. BRIGHTLY LIGHTED TRAINS FROM WEST BERLIN ROARED TROUGH WITHOUT STOPPING.

THE CANDY MACHINES WERE EMPTY, THE NEWS STANDS SHUTTERED. STATION CLOCKS PROVIDED THE ONLY ILLUMINATION.

TWO COMMUNIST SENTRIES WITH SUBMACHINE GUNS LISTENED WITH A FAINT SMILE AS THE TEACHER EXPLAINED WHY THE STATION WAS CLOSED TO PASSENGERS.

THE VISIT WAS PART OF THE COMMUNIST EDUCATION PROGRAM. GROUPS OF CHILDREN ARE FREQUENTLY SEEN THESE DAYS INSPECTING THE EASTERN SIDE OF THE CONCRETE-AND-BARBED-WIRE BARRIER THE REDS HAVE BUILT ACROSS BERLIN.

AT THE FRIEDRICHSTRASSE BORDER POST, A TEACHER WAS HEARD TO TELL HER CLASS OF 6 AND 7-YEAR-OLDS:

"THIS IS HOW OUR GOVERNMENT PROTECTS US AGAINST THE WARMONGERS AND REVANCHISTS (REVENGE SEEKERS) TEMPORARILY ENTRENCHED IN WEST BERLIN."

THE CHILDREN SPECIALLY ADMITTED TO THE DESERTED STADTMITTE STATION WERE RECEIVING A SIMILAR LESSON.

THE AIM IS TO PRODUCE A GENERATION OF GERMANS TO WHOM ALL THIS WILL SEEM LIKE LOGIC. THE CONCRETE CURTAIN, THEY ARE TOLD, IS NOT THERE TO STOP PEOPLE ESCAPING FROM THE EAST BUT TO STOP SPIES AND SABOTEURS INFILTRATING FROM THE WEST.

THE BARRIER ZIGZAGGING THROUGH BERLIN CUTS ACROSS THE SUBWAY AT SEVERAL POINTS. UNTIL LAST MONTH, PEOPLE COULD TRAVEL FREELY BETWEEN THE TWO PARTS OF THE CITY. WHEN THE CURTAIN WENT DOWN THE SUBWAY ESCAPE ROUTE WAS BARRED TOO.

STADTMITTE, LIKE MANY EAST BERLIN SUBWAY STATIONS, IS CLOSED BECAUSE THE TRAINS RUN INTO WEST BERLIN.

THE COMMUNIST MEASURES HAVE PARALYZED A GOOD PART OF THE CITY TRANSIT SYSTEM OF DOWNTOWN EAST BERLIN. THE REGIME HAS PUT IN SOME ADDITIONAL BUS SERVICES TO COMPENSATE FOR THE SUBWAY.

"THIS IS PART OF THE SACRIFICE WE ARE MAKING FOR WORLD PEACE," A YOUNG COMMUNIST EXPLAINED.

CROWDED WESTERN TRAINS RUN UNDER THE CONCRETE CURTAIN FROM ONE PART OF WEST BERLIN TO ANOTHER. BUT ONLY AT FRIEDRICHSTRASSE, GATEWAY TO THE EAST, ARE THEY PERMITTED TO STOP ON COMMUNIST TERRITORY.

FEW PASSENGERS EMERGE FROM THE TRAINS AT THAT POINT. A TRIPLE LINE OF ARMED PEOPLE'S POLICE CHECKS THEIR PASSPORTS AND IDENTITY CARDS.

"THEY ARE GOING INTO THE FORBIDDEN COUNTRY," SAID AN ELDERLY WEST BERLINER AS HIS TRAIN MOVED ON.

"COMMUNISTS, SURELY," REPLIED A WOMAN BESIDE HIM.

THE TRAIN RAN THROUGH HALF A DOZEN CLOSED AND GUARDED STATIONS BACK INTO WEST BERLIN. THE FIRST WESTERN STATION WAS BRIGHTLY

LIGHTED, THE CANDY MACHINES FILLED, THE NEWS STANDS DISPLAYING WESTERN PAPERS.

SUDDENLY THE TENSION WAS GONE. "IT'S LIKE THE GHOST TRAIN AT A FAIR," THE MAN SAID. "I WONDER WHAT WILL HAPPEN IF ONE DAY A TRAIN BREAKS DOWN IN THERE."

EARLY THIS WEEK, A SUBWAY MOTORMAN BROUGHT HIS TRAIN TO A HALT ON THE EAST BERLIN SECTION OF THE LINE WHEN THE SIGNALS TURNED RED. WEST BERLIN NEWSPAPERS REPORTED THE COMMUNIST GUARDS THREATENED HIM WITH ARREST.

"I HAVE TO STOP WHEN THE LIGHT TURNS RED," HE PROTESTED. "THERE COULD BE A DISASTER IF I DON'T."

"THAT'S NONE OF OUR CONCERN," REPLIED THE GUARD. "MOVE ON."

THE TRAIN PASSED THROUGH THE RED LIGHT BUT REACHED WEST BERLIN WITHOUT ACCIDENT.

THE NEXT DAY THE COMMUNISTS DECREED THAT TRAINS MUST KEEP TO A MINIMUM SPEED OF 20 M.P.H. WHILE IN EASTERN TERRITORY.

THE REASON? A PEOPLE'S POLICEMAN GUARDING ONE OF THE DESERTED STATIONS HAD TRIED--AND FAILED--TO JUMP ON A SLOW-MOVING TRAIN TO THE WEST.

(END ADVANCE FOR PMS OF SATURDAY, SEPT. 23, MOVED SEPT. 22.)

B917AED

A22 (420)

AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD JULIEN

BY COLIN FROST

NDOLA, NORTHERN RHODESIA, SEPT. 23 (AP)—THE SOLE SURVIVOR OF THE PLANE CRASH THAT KILLED DAG HAMMARSKJOLD DIED TODAY, ENDING INVESTIGATORS' HOPES THAT HE COULD SUPPLY A FIRST-HAND ACCOUNT OF THE TRAGEDY.

HAROLD (HARRY) M. JULIEN, AN AMERICAN U.N. SECURITY GUARD, DIED AT NDOLA HOSPITAL. HE HAD SUFFERED MULTIPLE INJURIES AND SEVERE BURNS IN MONDAY'S CRASH. HIS DEATH RAISED THE TOLL TO 16.

A SHORT TIME AFTER JULIEN DIED, THE RHODESIAN FEDERATION'S DIRECTOR OF CIVIL AVIATION, LT. COL. MAURICE BARBER, ISSUED A STATEMENT CLEARLY INTENDED TO COUNTER SPECULATION THAT THE PLANE HAD BEEN SHOT DOWN.

HE CONFIRMED THAT BULLETS HAD BEEN FOUND IN THE BODY OF ONE OF THE GUARDS ABOARD HAMMARSKJOLD'S PLANE BUT THAT THEY HAD BEEN EXPLODED BY THE FIRE THAT FOLLOWED THE CRASH, NOT BY WEAPONS.

"THE BULLETS FOUND IN THE BODY OF ONE OF THE GUARDS WERE DEFINITELY NOT FIRED FROM ANY WEAPON," BARBER SAID.

JULIEN WAS FOUND LYING AMONG THE WRECKAGE OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL'S BURNED-OUT DC6 AFTER IT CRASHED IN THE NORTHERN RHODESIAN BUSHLAND. HE HAD LAIN THERE NEARLY 15 HOURS.

INVESTIGATORS HAD HOPED HE WOULD RECOVER ENOUGH TO PROVIDE INFORMATION ABOUT THE CAUSE OF THE CRASH. HE HAD BEEN QUOTED EARLIER AS MUMBLING ABOUT HEARING EXPLOSIONS ON THE PLANE BEFORE IT WENT DOWN.

A TAPE RECORDER WAS KEPT AT HIS BEDSIDE TO CATCH ANYTHING MORE HE MIGHT SAY TO HELP SOLVE THE MYSTERY. BUT DOCTORS EXPLAINED THAT WHENEVER HE STIRRED, HE WAS PUT UNDER HEAVY SEDATION AGAIN TO EASE HIS PAIN.

AT THE HOSPITAL WHEN HE DIED WAS HIS CUBAN-BORN WIFE, MARIA, 30. SHE HAD ARRIVED ONLY YESTERDAY AFTER A FLIGHT FROM THE UNITED STATES. MOST OF THE WAY SHE TRAVELED IN THE PLANE THAT WILL TAKE THE BODIES OF THE CRASH VICTIMS TO THEIR HOME COUNTRIES.

THE HOSPITAL SAID JULIEN SHOWED SOME SLIGHT IMPROVEMENT AFTER HIS WIFE SAW HIM BUT SUFFERED A RELAPSE. AN AUTOPSY WAS PLANNED.

DOCTORS SAID THAT JUST BEFORE HE DIED HE REGAINED CONSCIOUSNESS AND WAS ABLE TO TALK WITH HIS WIFE.

"HE WAS CONSCIOUS SHORTLY BEFORE HIS DEATH," SAID A MEDICAL STATEMENT ISSUED THROUGH THE NORTHERN RHODESIAN GOVERNMENT. "HE RECOGNIZED HIS WIFE AND WAS ABLE TO TALK WITH HER ON FAMILY MATTERS."

THE GOVERNMENT INFORMATION OFFICE DECLINED TO SAY WHETHER JULIEN WAS ABLE TO GIVE ANY CLUE ABOUT THE CRASH.

HIS WIFE, A MOTHER OF TWO, LEFT NDOLA FOR SOUTHERN RHODESIA ON HER WAY BACK TO THE UNITED STATES. HER HUSBAND'S BODY PROBABLY WILL BE FLOWN HOME NEXT WEEK.

JULIEN, 36, WAS A FORMER MARINE FROM QUEENS, N.Y., WHO WENT THROUGH WORLD WAR II AND THE KOREAN WAR WITHOUT A SCRATCH. HE HAD BEEN STATIONED IN THE CONGO FOR MORE THAN A YEAR AND WAS DUE HOME LATER THIS MONTH FOR A VACATION.

RELATIVES SAID HE HAD A REPUTATION FOR BEING "ALWAYS LUCKY." FEDERATION PRIME MINISTER SIR ROY WELENSKY, WHO HAS OPPOSED THE

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U.N. OPERATION IN ANGCA, SENT MRS. JULIEN A MESSAGE OF CONDOLENCE. SHE REPLIED SHE WOULD BE SURE EVERYTHING HAD BEEN DONE TO SAVE HER HUSBAND'S LIFE AND TO EASE HIS LAST HOURS.

IDENTIFICATION OF OTHER CRASH VICTIMS WAS REPORTED SNAGGED BY LACK OF COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN NDOLA AND U.N. HEADQUARTERS AT LEOPOLDVILLE. COL. BJORN EGGE, U.N. INTELLIGENCE CHIEF, WENT TO SALISBURY, SOUTHERN RHODESIA, FOR PERMISSION TO SET UP A RADIO TO GET INFORMATION FROM LEOPOLDVILLE AND ELSEWHERE THAT THE DOCTORS REQUIRE.

R/WD121PED

A3

NDOLA, NORTHERN RHODESIA, SEPT. 23 (AP)-THE RHODESIAN FEDERAL GOVERNMENT SAID TODAY BULLETS WERE FOUND IN ONE OF THE BODIES IN THE CRASH THAT KILLED DAG HAMMARSKJOLD BUT SAID THEY WERE NOT FIRED FROM ANY WEAPON.

THE STATEMENT, BY LT. COL. MAURICE BARBER, THE RHODESIAN FEDERATION'S DIRECTOR OF CIVIL AVIATION, SAID:

"IN REGARD TO PRESS REPORTS THAT BULLETS WERE FOUND IN ONE OF THE BODIES AT THE SCENE OF THE NDOLA AIR CRASH, THIS IS CORRECT BUT IS OF NO SIGNIFICANCE, AS IT IS KNOWN THAT THE AIRCRAFT HAD ON BOARD ARMS AND AMMUNITION WHICH WERE EXPLODED IN THE INTENSE FIRE THAT FOLLOWED THE CRASH.

"THE BULLETS FOUND IN THE BODY OF ONE OF THE GUARDS WERE DEFINITELY NOT FIRED FROM ANY WEAPON."

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A77UN

URGENT

FIRST LEAD U.N.-GROMYKO A43UN

BY WILLIAM N. OATIS

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 23 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION WAS REPORTED TODAY TO HAVE PROPOSED A MEETING OF BIG-FOUR DIPLOMATS TO DISCUSS THE QUESTION OF TEMPORARY U.N. LEADERSHIP TO REPLACE THE LATE SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD.

DIPLOMATIC SOURCES SAID SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER VALERIAN A. ZORIN HAD GIVEN THE PROPOSAL TO A MIDDLE-OF-THE-ROAD INTERMEDIARY FOR RELAY TO U.N. AMBASSADORS ADLAI E. STEVENSON OF THE UNITED STATES, SIR PATRICK DEAN OF BRITAIN AND ARMAND BERARD OF FRANCE.

BUT THEY SAID THAT IN MAKING IT, ZORIN STATED THAT THE TEMPORARY LEADERSHIP OF THE U.N. SECRETARIAT SHOULD BE A TROIKA CONSISTING OF U.N. UNDER SECRETARIES RALPH J. BUNCHE OF THE UNITED STATES, GEORGY P. ARKADEV OF THE SOVIET UNION AND CHAKRAVARTHI V. NARASIMHAN OF INDIA.

SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK IS ON RECORD AGAINST A TROIKA "IN ANY FORM AND AT ANY LEVEL OF THE SECRETARIAT." HE TOLD FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS IN NEW YORK YESTERDAY SUCH AN ARRANGEMENT "WOULD PARALYZE THE EXECUTIVE OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND WEAKEN IT IRREPARABLY."

THE TROIKA IS THE NAME GIVEN TO SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S PLAN TO ABOLISH THE OFFICE OF U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL AND PUT IN ITS PLACE A BOARD OF THREE MEN REPRESENTING COMMUNIST, WESTERN-ALLIED AND NEUTRALIST COUNTRIES WITH EACH HAVING A VETO.

KHRUSHCHEV UNVEILED THE PLAN BEFORE THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY A YEAR AGO. SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO IS EXPECTED TO PUSH IT WHEN HE SPEAKS TO THE ASSEMBLY TUESDAY MORNING, 24 HOURS AFTER PRESIDENT KENNEDY. BRITAIN AND FRANCE OPPOSE IT AS STRONGLY AS THE UNITED STATES.

INFORMANTS SAID THERE WAS A CHANCE ONE OR MORE OF THE WESTERN AMBASSADORS MIGHT MEET ZORIN TUESDAY TO DISCUSS AN INTERIM ARRANGEMENT FOR THE U.N.'S TOP LEVEL. BUT IN VIEW OF THE DIAMETRICAL OPPOSITION OF THE SOVIET AND WESTERN POSITIONS, THERE SEEMED LITTLE CHANCE THE TWO SIDES WOULD AGREE.

ZORIN'S THEORY, IT WAS SAID, IS THAT THE BIG FOUR COULD MAKE AN INTERIM ARRANGEMENT AMONG THEMSELVES WITHOUT A MEETING OF EITHER THE

SECURITY COUNCIL OR THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

HE GAVE HIS VIEWS LAST NIGHT TO LIBERIAN AMBASSADOR NATHAN BARNES, PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL. BARNES CONFERRED WITH ZORIN ON BEHALF OF A DOZEN MIDDLE-OF-THE-ROAD COUNTRIES THAT WANT THE ASSEMBLY TO NAME ONE MAN TO TAKE CHARGE OF THE SECRETARIAT TILL A NEW SECRETARY-GENERAL CAN BE CHOSEN.

THE U.N. CHARTER SAYS THE ASSEMBLY CHOOSES THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON RECOMMENDATION OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL. THE MIDDLE-OF-THE-ROAD COUNTRIES ARE AFRAID IF THE COUNCIL MET NOW TO RECOMMEND A PERMANENT SECRETARY-GENERAL, THE RUSSIANS WOULD VETO HIM BECAUSE THEY WANT THE TROIKA.

BUT THEY ARGUE THAT THERE IS NOTHING IN THE CHARTER TO PREVENT THE ASSEMBLY FROM NAMING A TEMPORARY HEAD OF THE SECRETARIAT BY ITSELF WITHOUT BRINGING THE COUNCIL INTO THE THING AND RUNNING INTO A VETO.

THEY ARE WORKING ON A RESOLUTION FOR THIS PURPOSE. AN EARLY DRAFT SAID THE ASSEMBLY. "PENDING THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

OF A SUCCESSOR TO MR. DAG HAMMARSKJOLD, INVITES MR. (BLANK) TO TAKE OVER THE DIRECTION OF THE UNITED NATIONS SECRETARIAT."

YESTERDAY IT WAS STRENGTHENED TO SAY "APPOINTS MR. (BLANK) TO SUPERVISE, FOR THE TIME BEING, THE DIRECTION OF THE SECRETARIAT TO ENSURE THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE RESOLUTIONS OF THE PRINCIPAL ORGANS OF THE UNITED NATIONS."

AMBASSADORS FREDERICK H. BOLAND OF IRELAND AND SIVERT A. NIELSEN OF NORWAY, MAIN DRAFTSMEN OF THE TEXT, MODIFIED IT ON THEIR OWN. BUT THE MODIFICATION BROUGHT THE DRAFT CLOSER TO THE UNITED STATES' IDEAS.

THE UNITED STATES HAD SOUGHT TO HAVE THE ORIGINAL CHANGED TO SOMETHING LIKE "INVITES MR. (BLANK) TO PERFORM THE FUNCTIONS OF THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL."

THE DRAFTSMEN HAD SHIED AWAY FROM THIS FOR FEAR THE TERM "SECRETARY-GENERAL" WOULD SCARE OFF NOT ONLY THE SOVIET BLOC BUT ALSO OTHERS THAT MIGHT BE NERVOUS ABOUT HOW THE SOVIET BLOC WOULD REACT.

THE DOZEN AFRICAN, ASIAN, EUROPEAN AND LATIN AMERICAN COUNTRIES INVOLVED WERE SAID TO HAVE GATHERED 36 OR MORE SPONSORS FOR A RESOLUTION ALONG THE LINES OF THE LATEST DRAFT. THEY WERE SEEKING MORE THIS WEEK-END.

THEY WERE EXPECTED TO SUBMIT THE RESOLUTION TO THE ASSEMBLY TOWARD THE END OF NEXT WEEK. THEY SEEMED LIKELY TO GET A LARGE MAJORITY OF THE ASSEMBLY'S VOTES FOR IT. SOME WERE EVEN HOPEFUL THAT THE SIZE OF THE MAJORITY WOULD LEAD THE SOVIET BLOC TO GO ALONG WITH THE PLAN.

THEY WANT TO GET BROAD ADVANCE AGREEMENT FIRST ON A RESOLUTION AND THEN ON A MAN, AND AFTER THAT SUBMIT THE RESOLUTION TO THE ASSEMBLY WITH THE BLANK FILLED IN.

AMONG THOSE THAT HAVE BEEN MENTIONED FOR THE JOB ARE UNDER SECRETARY NARASIMHAN; RAUL PREBISCH OF ARGENTINA, EXECUTIVE SECRETARY OF THE ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR LATIN AMERICA; B.K. NEHRU, INDIAN AMBASSADOR TO WASHINGTON; MONGI SLIM OF TUNISIA, PRESIDENT OF THE ASSEMBLY; BOLAND, LAST YEAR'S PRESIDENT, AND U THANT, BURMA'S U.N. AMBASSADOR.

THE SOVIET UNION WAS PUT DOWN FOR TUESDAY MORNING ON AN OFFICIAL LIST OF SPEAKERS FOR THE OPENING POLICY DEBATE THAT WAS PUBLISHED HERE TODAY. GROMYKO WILL MAKE THE SPEECH AS HEAD OF THE SOVIET DELEGATION.

THAT GUARANTEES THE ASSEMBLY A QUICK FILLIN FROM BOTH SIDES IN ITS WIDE-RANGING POLICY DISPUTE BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION.

1961

WITH KENNEDY'S ADDRESS MONDAY AND GROMYKO'S TUESDAY, THE 99 U.N. MEMBERS WITHIN TWO DAYS WILL GET STATEMENTS OF THE LATEST POSITIONS OF THE TWO BIG POWERS ON BERLIN, DISARMAMENT, NUCLEAR TESTS AND CURRENT EFFORTS TO FILL THE GAP LEFT BY THE DEATH OF U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD. THIS REPEATS THE PATTERN OF LAST YEAR, WHEN PRESIDENT EISENHOWER SPOKE ON A THURSDAY AND SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV ON A FRIDAY.

ON THE STRENGTH OF WHAT HAS BEEN SAID ALREADY, GROMYKO CAN BE EXPECTED TO:

1. CALL FOR PEACE TREATIES WITH BOTH EAST AND WEST GERMANY, THE ADMISSION OF BOTH TO THE UNITED NATIONS AND A NEW "FREE-CITY" SETUP FOR WEST BERLIN INVOLVING THE END OF THREE-POWER WESTERN OCCUPATION.

2. URGE THE RESUMPTION OF THE LONG SUSPENDED DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS AND THE RECENTLY RECESSED NUCLEAR TEST-BAN TALKS IN A SINGLE NEGOTIATING BODY.

3. DEMAND THAT THE UNITED NATIONS INSTALL A SECRETARIAT LEADERSHIP OF THREE MEN--COMMUNIST, WESTERN AND NEUTRAL--WITH A VETO APIECE TO REPLACE HAMMARSKJOLD, KILLED IN AN AFRICAN AIR CRASH LAST WEEKEND.

4. REHASH THE GENERAL DISARMAMENT PLAN THAT KHRUSHCHEV GAVE THE ASSEMBLY TWO YEARS AGO AND FRESHEN UP THE CAMPAIGN FOR THE ABOLITION OF COLONIALISM THAT THE PREMIER STARTED LAST YEAR.

5. INSIST THAT CHINESE COMMUNISTS BE SEATED IN PLACE OF CHINESE NATIONALISTS ON ALL U.N. BODIES.

THE SOVIET UNION HAS GOT THE ASSEMBLY'S STEERING COMMITTEE TO RECOMMEND THAT DEBATES BE HELD ON A FOLLOWUP OF LAST YEAR'S ANTI-COLONIAL DECLARATION AND ON A SO-CALLED "RESTORATION OF THE LAWFUL RIGHTS" OF COMMUNIST CHINA IN THE UNITED NATIONS. *# 9161*

A25

PMS BUDGET

U.N. TROIKA INTERPRETIVE '700)

(EDITOR'S NOTE: THE SOVIET CAMPAIGN TO SET UP A THREE-HEADED U.N. EXECUTIVE MUSHROOMED INTO CRISIS FOR THE UNITED NATIONS WITH THE DEATH OF DAG HAMMARSKJOLD. TOM HOGE, WHO HAS BEEN REPORTING ON U.N. NEWS FOR A DECADE, EXAMINES THE GENESIS OF THE CRISIS AND CURRENT PROSPECTS FOR ITS SOLUTION.)

BY TOM HOGE

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 23 (AP)--JUST ONE YEAR AGO TODAY SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV BEGAN A SHOE-POUNDING CAMPAIGN TO BLUDGEON THE UNITED NATIONS INTO REPLACING DAG HAMMARSKJOLD WITH A BOARD OF THREE MEN.

THEN FATE HANDED THE COMMUNISTS A TRAGIC OPPORTUNITY: HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEATH. NOW THEIR CAMPAIGN IS BEGINNING TO BOOMERANG. THEY SEEM TO BE POUNDING TOO HARD WITH THAT SHOE.

WITH THE ASIANS AND AFRICANS FEARFUL OF THE VACUUM CREATED BY HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEATH, MOSCOW APPARENTLY HAD HOPED TO STAMPEDE THEM INTO BACKING ITS THREE-HEADED "TROIKA" PLAN FOR A BOARD REPRESENTING THE COMMUNIST, WESTERN AND NEUTRAL NATIONS. UNDER THIS THE UNITED NATIONS WOULD BE RUN BY A THREE-MAN COMMITTEE INSTEAD OF A SINGLE, FORCEFUL SECRETARY-GENERAL SUCH AS HAMMARSKJOLD.

BUT INSTEAD OF A STAMPEDE, THE RUSSIANS' LATEST CAMPAIGN LOOSED A TIDE OF RESENTMENT AMONG THE SMALLER NATIONS. FOR MANY OF THEM THE UNITED NATIONS IS THEIR MAJOR FOREIGN POLICY FORUM AND THEY HESITATE TO SEE IT DESTROYED.

A NUMBER OF SMALLER COUNTRIES HAD TOYED WITH THE IDEA OF SETTING UP A TROIKA-TYPE BOARD OF U.N. UNDERSECRETARIES TO RUN THE FAR-REACHING U.N. ORGANIZATION UNTIL A NEW SECRETARY-GENERAL COULD BE CHOSEN. MOST NOW ARE COMING AROUND TO THE U.S. POSITION THAT A SINGLE CHIEF MUST BE NAMED EITHER ON A STOP-GAP OR PERMANENT BASIS.

THE SHIFT IS REFLECTED IN A MOVE BY A GROUP OF NEUTRALS FOR THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY TO NAME AN INTERIM SECRETARIAT CHIEF. THE PLAN HAS NOT YET BEEN PRESENTED FORMALLY, BUT MORE THAN 30 COUNTRIES ARE REPORTED TO HAVE LINED UP BEHIND IT. MANY ARE FRESH FROM

THIS MONTH'S BELGRADE CONFERENCE OF NONALIGNED NATIONS, WHERE THEY SHIED AWAY FROM OPPOSING MOSCOW AND DECLINED TO CONDEMN THE SOVIET RESUMPTION OF NUCLEAR TESTS.

U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK ATTEMPTED TO GIVE THE NEUTRALS A PUSH YESTERDAY BY APPEALING FOR THE ASSEMBLY TO DEFY SOVIET OPPOSITION AND CHOOSE "AN OUTSTANDING WORLD LEADER" AS TEMPORARY SECRETARY-GENERAL.

THE NEUTRALS WERE REPORTED TO HAVE DECIDED TO WAIT UNTIL AFTER PRESIDENT KENNEDY ADDRESSES THE ASSEMBLY ON MONDAY TO PUT FORWARD THEIR PLAN FORMALLY. THE PRESIDENT IS EXPECTED TO CALL FOR STRENGTHENING THE UNITED NATIONS, AND IT WOULD BE HARD FOR HIM TO SKIP THE PROBLEM OF THE VACANT SECRETARY-GENERAL'S POST.

THE SPONSORS STILL HAVE TO SETTLE ON A CANDIDATE. THE UNITED STATES IS KNOWN TO FAVOR MONGI SLIM, THIS YEAR'S ASSEMBLY PRESIDENT. ANOTHER POSSIBILITY IS U THANT OF BURMA, WHO HAS STRONG ASIAN AND AFRICAN SUPPORT.

SLIM, APPARENTLY FEARFUL THAT A HEAD-ON CLASH WITH THE SOVIET BLOC MIGHT DESTROY HIS EFFECTIVENESS AS WELL AS HIS DIPLOMATIC CAREER, IS SAID TO HAVE DEMANDED ASSURANCES THAT THE COMMUNISTS VOTE FOR HIM OR AT LEAST ABSTAIN. BUT THERE WAS A GROWING BELIEF THAT IF OVERWHELMING ASSEMBLY SUPPORT CAN BE ROUNDED UP, SLIM MIGHT ACCEPT THE JOB EVEN IN THE FACE OF SOVIET OPPOSITION.

THE UNITED STATES AND ITS ALLIES HAVE STOOD FIRM AGAINST THE TROIKA PLAN EVER SINCE KHRUSHCHEV BROACHED IT IN AN ASSEMBLY SPEECH. THEY SAY IT IS A MANEUVER TO PARALYZE THE WORLD BODY.

RUSSIA HAS COUNTERED BY WARNING IT WILL CHALLENGE ANY ASSEMBLY ATTEMPT TO NAME AN INTERIM HEAD, INSISTING THAT THERE MUST BE A PERMANENT SOLUTION ON ITS OWN TERMS.

UNDER THE CHARTER A SECRETARY-GENERAL IS APPOINTED BY THE ASSEMBLY, BUT IT MUST BE ON RECOMMENDATION FROM THE 11-NATION SECURITY COUNCIL WHERE RUSSIA AND THE OTHER BIG POWERS CAN WIELD THE VETO. THERE IS NO PROVISION FOR AN INTERIM CHIEF.

THE REVERBERATIONS HAVE BEEN FELT HERE EVER SINCE KHRUSHCHEV, A ROUND, PINK-FACED MAN IN A GRAY SUIT, WALKED TO THE GREEN MARBLE ROSTRUM OF THE BIG BLUE-AND-GOLD ASSEMBLY HALL LAST SEPT. 23 AND SPOKE FOR 2 HOURS AND 20 MINUTES.

HE CHARGED HAMMARSKJOLD WITH "FOLLOWING THE COLONIALISTS' LINE" IN THE CONGO, WHERE RUSSIAN DIPLOMATS HAD MADE A HUMILIATING WITHDRAWAL ONLY A FEW WEEKS BEFORE.

"THE POST OF SECRETARY-GENERAL... SHOULD BE ABOLISHED," HE SAID. "IT WOULD BE EXPEDIENT TO ABANDON THE SYSTEM UNDER WHICH ALL PRACTICAL WORK IN THE INTERVALS BETWEEN GENERAL ASSEMBLY SESSIONS AND SECURITY COUNCIL MEETINGS IS DETERMINED BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ALONE."

THEN HE PROPOSED HIS TROIKA PLAN, NAMED AFTER A RUSSIAN CART DRIVEN BY THREE HORSES.

IN SPEECHES ON SUCCEEDING DAYS, ONLY THE NINE-NATION SOVIET BLOC, CUBA, GUINEA AND MALI SUPPORTED THE IDEA. SUBSEQUENTLY, KHRUSHCHEV MADE CLEAR THAT HE MEANT EACH OF THE THREE MEN ON HIS PROPOSED

U.N. EXECUTIVE BOARD TO HOLD A VETO.

ONCE HE SUGGESTED THAT HAMMARSKJOLD RESIGN. THAT SWEDEN COOLY SAID HE WOULD DO SO IF THE UNCOMMITTED COUNTRIES ASKED HIM. THEY DIDN'T. KHRUSHCHEV POUNDED ON HIS ASSEMBLY DESK. LATER HE TOOK OFF HIS SHOE AND POUNDED WITH IT.

LAST FEBRUARY, THE SOVIET UNION ANNOUNCED IT NO LONGER RECOGNIZED HAMMARSKJOLD AS SECRETARY-GENERAL. AFTER THAT, MOSCOW ADDRESSED ITS LETTERS TO "THE U.N. SECRETARIAT."

MANY DIPLOMATS BELIEVED HAMMARSKJOLD WOULD HANG ON TO HIS OFFICE UNTIL APRIL 10, 1963, WHEN HIS SECOND FIVE-YEAR TERM WOULD HAVE RUN OUT.

THEY PREDICTED THAT THE UNITED NATIONS WOULD THEN ENTER A CRISIS, SINCE THE SOVIET UNION NOT ONLY WOULD VETO HAMMARSKJOLD'S RE-ELECTION

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BUT WOULD BLOCK ANYBODY PUT UP TO SUCCEED HIM.
BUT THE CRISIS CAME AHEAD OF TIME. LAST SUNDAY HAMMARSKJOLD
DIED IN A PLANE CRASH IN NORTHERN RHODESIA, EN ROUTE TO
NEGOTIATE WITH KATANGA PRESIDENT MOISE TSHOMBE ON A CEASE-FIRE
BETWEEN U.N. AND KATANGAN TROOPS.

NOW THE UNITED NATIONS, STILL DEEPLY INVOLVED IN THE CONGO, IS
FUNCTIONING WITHOUT A VISIBLE HEAD. WHETHER AN
INTERIM CHIEF OF THE SECRETARIAT COULD ACT WITH HAMMARSKJOLD'S
DETERMINATION REMAINS TO BE SEEN. THUS THE FUTURE OF THE UNITED
NATIONS IS STILL UNCERTAIN.

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A136

ADVANCE FOR SUNDAY AMS SEPT. 24

U.N. HEADQUARTERS (700)

BY WILLIAM L. RYAN

ASSOCIATED PRESS NEWS ANALYST

(ADVANCE) UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 23 (AP)--PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S
REMARK THAT WEST BERLIN MIGHT MAKE AN APPROPRIATE HOME FOR THE UNITED
NATIONS HINTS AT SOVIET CROPPING FOR MEANS OF BACKING AWAY FROM A CRISIS
WHICH HAS GIVEN THE REST OF THE WORLD AN ATTACK OF WAR JITTERS.

IT IS DOUBTFUL KHRUSHCHEV WAS SERIOUS ABOUT THE PROPOSAL AS SUCH,
OR THAT HE HAD ANY EXPECTATION IT WOULD BE WELCOME IN THE FORM IT WAS
MADE. THE WAY HE ADVANCED THE IDEA, IT SEEMED LOADED IN HIS OWN FAVOR

THE NOTION WAS PUT FORWARD AT A MOMENT WHEN MOSCOW SEEMED TO BE
SHIFTING TACTICS. THIS WOULD BE A LOGICAL DEVELOPMENT OF A POLICY
WHICH BEGAN TO UNFOLD CLEARLY EARLY THIS YEAR, IN ANTICIPATION OF THE
SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY'S 22ND CONGRESS OPENING OCT. 17.

AMONG U.N. DELEGATES, U.S. LEADERS, WEST GERMANS OR WEST BERLINERS
THERE APPEARS LITTLE DISPOSITION TO REGARD KHRUSHCHEV'S REMARKS AS
ANYTHING MORE THAN A PROBING THRUST. FEW SEE ANY PRACTICAL PURPOSE IN
THE IDEA OF MOVING THE U.N. TO BERLIN.

BUT STUDENTS OF SOVIET STRATEGY NOTE THAT THE RUSSIANS NOW,
SUDDENLY, ARE PROFESSING TO SEE SIGNS OF CHANGE IN WESTERN ATTITUDES.
A GOOD GUESS IS THAT IN THE SOVIET TIMETABLE IT IS EXPEDIENT TO EASE
OFF A BIT, PERMITTING THE KREMLIN TO CONCENTRATE ON THE 20-YEAR INTER-
PROGRAM IT IS ABOUT TO PROPAGANDIZE AT THE OCTOBER CONGRESS.

IN MOSCOW EYES THE BERLIN TENSION PROBABLY SERVED ITS PURPOSES. IT
WAS AN EXCUSE FOR RENEWED SOVIET NUCLEAR TESTING AND MILITARY BUILDUP.
IT CREATED AN ATMOSPHERE IN WHICH SOVIET PEOPLE COULD BE TOLD THEY WERE
FORCED TO WAIT INDEFINITELY FOR ANY MARKED INCREASE IN LIGHT INDUSTRY
PRODUCTION FOR CONSUMERS. IT PROVIDED AN EXCUSE FOR POSTPONING
PROMISES, SUCH AS THE SHORTER WORK WEEK. IT SUPPLIED A PRETEXT FOR
DRAGOONING SATELLITE ECONOMIES UNDER OVER-ALL MOSCOW PLANNING AND
CONTROL.

SEEMING TO FEEL HIS WAY CAUTIOUSLY, KHRUSHCHEV CASUALLY REMARKED,
IN A TALK WITH A BRITISH LEFTIST AUG. 31 THAT IT WOULD BE ALL RIGHT WITH
HIM IF THE U.N. MOVED TO WEST BERLIN. HE SPECIFIED WEST BERLIN.

THE COMMUNISTS HAVE NO INTENTION OF GIVING UP EAST BERLIN OR
ANYTHING ELSE THEY HOLD. STILL, THIS SEEMED TO BE A SORT OF GESTURE,
AND THERE WAS CAUTIOUS RESPONSE.

ALMOST TWO WEEKS LATER, CANADA'S PRIME MINISTER JOHN DIEFENBAKER
MENTIONED IN PARLIAMENT THAT BERLIN MIGHT POSSIBLY BECOME AN
INTERNATIONAL CITY UNDER U.N. JURISDICTION.

A FEW DAYS LATER, IN ANOTHER CASUAL CONVERSATION, KHRUSHCHEV
REPEATED THE IDEA OF WEST BERLIN'S BECOMING U.N. HEADQUARTERS. HE
ADDED THIS SHOWED THE U.S.S.R. WAS NOT INTERESTED IN GOBBLING UP THE
WHOLE CITY.

AND EARLY THIS WEEK, THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER IZVESTIA SAID
THE IDEA DESERVED ATTENTION AND "SHOWS AGAIN THE FAVORABLE OPPORTUNITIES
FOR WEST BERLIN THAT WILL BE CREATED BY ITS CONVERSION INTO A
DEMILITARIZED CITY."

THAT CLEARLY SHOWED HOW THE PROPOSAL WAS WEIGHTED. WEST BERLIN FIRST
WOULD BE ABANDONED BY WESTERN OCCUPATION FORCES--A KEY KHRUSHCHEV
DEMAND--EVEN BEFORE THERE WAS ANY TALK ABOUT MOVING THE U.N. THERE.

IN THE UNLIKELY EVENT THIS GAMBIT WAS TAKEN SERIOUSLY, THE WEST WOULD
SURRENDER ITS BERLIN RIGHTS. WEST BERLIN WOULD BE ISOLATED IN A
COMMUNIST SEA. THE RUSSIANS COULD TALK FOREVER ABOUT THE NEXT STEP,
WITHOUT PERMITTING THE IDEA TO GET ANYWHERE.

KHRUSHCHEV IN ANY CASE ADVANCES HIS OWN PROPAGANDA. A YEAR AGO IN
NEW YORK HE INSISTED THE U.N. SHOULD BE MOVED OUT OF THE UNITED STATES.
THE BERLIN HEADQUARTERS IDEA KEEPS THE PROPAGANDA ALIVE. AND IN SOME
QUARTERS, IT HAS ITS EFFECT.

QUERIED ON THE IDEA, ALI SASTROAMIDJOJO OF NEUTRALIST INDONESIA,
WHICH HAS SOME INFLUENCE IN AFRICA AND ASIA, SAID IT SEEMED TO BE THE
"GENERAL CONSENSUS THAT WE MOVE FROM NEW YORK."

THE INDONESIAN ADDED, HOWEVER, THAT IF THE U.N. HAD TO MOVE IT SHOULD
BE TO A "MORE PLEASANT, A MORE QUIET PLACE." HE SUGGESTED VIENNA.

IF THE CONSENSUS FAVORED MOVING, IT FAILED TO SHOW UP IN COMMENTS
OF OTHER DELEGATES ON HAND FOR THE 16TH U.N. ASSEMBLY SESSION.

"WHY SHOULD WE MOVE FROM NEW YORK?" ASKED C.S. JHA OF INDIA. "I
LIKE NEW YORK. AND WHY SHOULD WE GO TO WEST BERLIN? WEST BERLIN HAS
ENOUGH INTERNATIONAL PROBLEMS OF ITS OWN."

A DELEGATE FROM AFRICA'S DAHOMEY SAID HE FOUND NEW YORK "NOT SO
BAD."

AMBASSADOR LUIS PADILLA NERVO OF MEXICO, DISARMAMENT COMMISSION
CHAIRMAN AND A FORMER ASSEMBLY PRESIDENT, SAID THE U.N. SHOULD REMAIN IN
NEW YORK. HE ADDED THAT IF THE ASSEMBLY SO ELECTS, IT CAN MEET
WHenever IT WANTS IN BERLIN WITHOUT CHANGING THE HEADQUARTERS.

HOWEVER, IT SEEMS HIGHLY IMPROBABLE THAT KHRUSHCHEV HIMSELF REALLY
FAVORS TURNING WEST BERLIN--TO SAY NOTHING OF ALL BERLIN--INTO A U.N.
HEADQUARTERS. THAT WOULD REQUIRE SUCH THINGS AS IRONCLAD
GUARANTEES OF LAND AND AIR CORRIDORS FROM THE EAST GERMAN COMMUNISTS.

THE PRESENCE OF THE U.N. DEEP IN COMMUNIST TERRITORY COULD INCREASE
RATHER THAN LESSEN KREMLIN PROBLEMS WITH ITS CAPTIVE EMPIRE.

AS FOR THE WEST, IT HARDLY WOULD LOOK FAVORABLY UPON A U.N.
HEADQUARTERS DEEP INSIDE RED TERRITORY AND THUS POSSIBLY SUBJECT TO
SOVIET-COMMUNIST INFLUENCES. WEST BERLIN AS IT IS CONSTITUTES A SYMBOL
OF RESISTANCE TO COMMUNISM. IN ANY OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES IT WOULD BE
LIKELY TO LOSE THAT SYMBOLISM.

END ADVANCE FOR SUNDAY AMS SEPT. 24--MOVED SEPT. 22

JP1132PED

A25

AMS BUDGET (750)

KENNEDY-RUSK (INTERPRETIVE)

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 23 (AP)--PRESIDENT KENNEDY PERSONALLY
FACES A FATEFUL CHALLENGE TO UNITED STATES LEADERSHIP IN THE UNITED
NATIONS WHEN HE APPEARS BEFORE THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY HERE MONDAY
MORNING TO DELIVER A MAJOR FOREIGN POLICY SPEECH.

KENNEDY COMMANDS THE FULL RESOURCES OF AMERICAN DIPLOMACY AND
SPEAKS WITH THE AUTHORITY WHICH ONLY A CHIEF OF STATE CAN EXERCISE
IN THIS EXTREMELY POWER-CONSCIOUS ORGANIZATION.

IF HE CANNOT INSPIRE THE NON-COMMUNIST DELEGATES WITH ENTHUSIASM
FOR U. S. AIMS HERE NO ONE CAN.

A U.N. SOURCE SAID WORD FROM THE U.S. DELEGATION WAS THAT KENNEDY
WOULD MAKE A 40-MINUTE SPEECH STARTING AT 11:40 A.M. EDT AND THAT
HE "WILL BE STAYING IN NEW YORK FOR A FEW DAYS."

SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK IS COUNTING HEAVILY ON KENNEDY'S SPEECH TO PROD REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NONALIGNED, OR NEUTRALIST, COUNTRIES INTO ACTION TO SAVE THE U. N., AS HE SEES IT, FROM SOVIET STRANGULATION.

RUSK HAS BEEN WORKING HOPEFULLY ON THE PROBLEM ALL WEEK WITH THE ARGUMENT THAT THE POWERS EXERCISED BY THE LATE SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD MUST SPEEDILY BE PLACED IN THE HANDS OF SOME NEW EXECUTIVE IN SPITE OF ADAMANT RUSSIAN OPPOSITION.

U.S. AMBASSADOR ADLAI E. STEVENSON IS COUNTING ON KENNEDY'S APPEARANCE HERE TO HELP HIM IN HIS LONG FORTHCOMING STRUGGLE AT THIS ASSEMBLY TO BLOCK THE SEATING OF RED CHINA AND TO ACHIEVE OTHER AMERICAN OBJECTIVES. THESE INCLUDE THE CONDEMNATION, AT LEAST INDIRECTLY, OF RUSSIA FOR RESUMING NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS IN THE ATMOSPHERE.

THE PRESIDENT IS EXPECTED TO INCLUDE DISARMAMENT PROPOSALS IN HIS ADDRESS.

KENNEDY OBVIOUSLY WANTS TO GET ACROSS, NOT ONLY TO THE DELEGATES, BUT TO THE GREAT WORLD BEYOND THESE MODERNISTIC WALLS, THAT HE IS STRIVING FOR PEACE AND ORDER TO SAVE MANKIND FROM NUCLEAR WAR BUT THAT HE CANNOT AND WILL NOT CONSIDER PEACE AT ANY PRICE.

HE HAS THE DOUBLE TASK OF CONVINCING THE DELEGATES THAT HE WANTS A PEACEFUL SOLUTION OF THE BERLIN CRISIS BUT THAT, TO GET IT, HE IS JUSTIFIED IN STANDING UP TO PRESSURES FROM SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV EVEN AT THE GRAVE RISK OF NUCLEAR DISASTER.

BY FAR THE MOST URGENT OF THE CHALLENGES BEFORE THE PRESIDENT, HOWEVER, IS THAT OF FINDING ENOUGH SUPPORT IN THE 99-NATION ASSEMBLY TO GET A MAN INTO CONTROL OF THE U.N. SECRETARIAT AND PREVENT HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEATH FROM LEADING TO A BREAKDOWN OF THE WHOLE ORGANIZATION.

RUSK BEGAN THE CAMPAIGN TO BYPASS THE SECURITY COUNCIL, WITH ITS GREAT POWER VETO SYSTEM, WITHIN HOURS AFTER LEARNING OF HAMMARSKJOLD'S FATAL PLANE CRASH IN AFRICA LAST WEEKEND.

HIS FIRST HOPE WAS THAT THE ASSEMBLY, REALIZING THE URGENCY OF PICKING A TEMPORARY SUCCESSOR, WOULD PUT ASIDE ITS FEARS OF SOVIET OPPOSITION AND ACT ON OPENING DAY.

BUT SUCH UNCERTAINTY AND APPREHENSION DEVELOPED AMONG VARIOUS OF THE NEUTRALIST DELEGATIONS THAT THE OPENING DAY CEREMONY WAS A FOUR-MINUTE SESSION THAT ADJOURNED OUT OF RESPECT TO HAMMARSKJOLD'S MEMORY.

SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO THEN MOVED INTO THE FIGHT WITH A FIRM ANNOUNCEMENT THAT RUSSIA WAS OPPOSED TO ANY TEMPORARY SUCCESSOR. HE SAID RUSSIA WANTED ADOPTION OF A THREE-MAN DIRECTORATE PRINCIPLE, WHETHER THE SOLUTION AGREED ON AT THIS SESSION WAS PROVISIONAL OR PERMANENT.

TODAY, RUSK, BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY LORD HOME AND OTHERS WHO FEEL THAT A PROLONGED VOID IN THE SECRETARY GENERAL'S JOB WOULD CRIPPLE THE UNITED NATIONS BEYOND REPAIR, STILL HAVE NOT MUSTERED THE 60-ODD VOTES THEY CONSIDER NECESSARY FOR THE ASSEMBLY TO ACT EFFECTIVELY ON THIS ISSUE.

A DOZEN COUNTRIES, LED BY NORWAY AND IRELAND, HAVE BEEN REPORTED DRAFTING A RESOLUTION WHICH WOULD SET UP THE FRAMEWORK FOR A TEMPORARY U. N. EXECUTIVE. IF THEY CAN GET AGREEMENT ON THIS, THEY THEN HOPE TO GET AGREEMENT ON A MAN TO FILL THE JOB AND PRESENT THE WHOLE THING TO THE ASSEMBLY.

THEY ARE SAID TO HAVE ABOUT 36 VOTES FOR THEIR CAUSE. BUT SOME COUNTRIES, PARTICULARLY INDIA, WANT THE WHOLE MATTER TO GO THROUGH THE U. N. SECURITY COUNCIL, WHICH WOULD MAKE IT SUBJECT TO RUSSIA'S VETO. MANY OF THE ASSEMBLY DELEGATES SEEMED TO BE INFLUENCED THIS WEEKEND MORE BY FEAR OF SOVIET DISPLEASURE OR DISRUPTIVE TACTICS THAN BY FEAR OF A BREAKDOWN IN THE UNITED NATIONS. U.S. OFFICIALS, BY CONTRAST, ARE APPREHENSIVE THAT UNLESS THE

ASSEMBLY ACTS QUICKLY THE WHOLE ISSUE WILL BECOME TANGLED UP IN PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURES AND THE MOMENT FOR A BOLD STROKE WILL BE LOST. IN THAT CASE, THE FUTURE OF THE U. N. WOULD COME UNDER GRAVE SHADOWS.

THUS KENNEDY'S APPEARANCE HERE COMES AT A CRITICAL JUNCTURE IN U. N. AFFAIRS, JUST AS IT COMES AT A CLIMACTIC TIME IN THE EAST-WEST DISPUTE OVER BERLIN, AND A TIME OF DISCOURAGEMENT IN THE WORLD'S HOPES FOR IMPOSING CONTROLS ON THE DANGERS OF NUCLEAR WAR.

NO ONE DISPUTES THAT WHAT THE PRESIDENT SAYS WILL CARRY CONSIDERABLE WEIGHT WITH ALLIED AND NEUTRAL DELEGATES AND THEIR GOVERNMENTS.

BUT MANY DIPLOMATS QUIETLY EMPHASIZE THAT IF HE PROMISES ACTION OR MAKES THREATS OR COMMITMENTS OF U. S. POWER HE MUST BE PREPARED TO CARRY THROUGH TO THE LIMIT. THESE OBSERVERS HAVE BEEN WORRIED BY THE APPARENT U. S. BACKDOWN FROM THREATS OF INTERVENTION IN LAOS AND THE DEFEAT EARLIER THIS YEAR OF THE U. S.-SUPPORTED CUBAN INVASION ATTEMPT.

KENNEDY, IN A WORD, RACES A CHALLENGE NOT ONLY TO HIS POLICIES BUT ALSO TO SOME UNDERLYING SKEPTICISM ABOUT HIS PERFORMANCE.

WD145PED

A38

(110)

MOSCOW, SEPT. 23 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION ANNOUNCED TODAY THE SUCCESSFUL FIRING OF ANOTHER LONG-RANGE ROCKET INTO THE CENTRAL PACIFIC. IT WAS THE THIRD ANNOUNCED FIRING IN THE CURRENT SERIES.

THE OFFICIAL NEWS AGENCY TASS SAID THE CARRIER ROCKET WAS LAUNCHED THURSDAY TO CHECK ITS DEPENDABILITY AND ACCURACY AND TO TEST COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT FOR THE ORBITING OF FUTURE SPACE SATELLITES.

"THE MOCK-UP OF THE LAST STAGE OF THE ROCKET DESIGNED FOR PIERCING DENSE ATMOSPHERE LAYERS REACHED THE OCEAN SURFACE WITH A HIGH DEGREE OF ACCURACY, CLOSE TO THE TARGET POINT," TASS SAID.

IT ADDED THAT THE TESTING SERIES WOULD CONTINUE, BUT GAVE NO FURTHER DETAILS.

THE LAST PREVIOUS FIRING WAS ANNOUNCED MONDAY.

MJ247PED

A131'LA

BULLETIN

FIRST LEAD

VANDENBERG AIR FORCE BASE, CALIF., SEPT. 23 (AP)-A TITAN MISSILE FIRED FROM HERE TODAY DROPPED ITS MOCK WARHEAD "IN THE GENERAL AREA DOWNRANGE" 4,500 MILES AWAY NEAR WAKE ISLAND, THE AIR FORCE SAID TONIGHT.

THE TITAN--A 97-FOOT, 110-TON MONSTER--IS THIS COUNTRY'S MIGHTIEST MISSILE. IT WAS FIRED FROM HERE AT 12:36 P.M. TODAY. IT WAS THE FIRST FIRING OF A COMBAT-TYPE TITAN FROM WHAT IS CALLED AN ARMORED COMBAT LAUNCH SITE--WHERE THE MISSILE RISES FROM AN UNDERGROUND SILO AND THEN IS FIRED TOWARD ITS TARGET. DETAILS OF THE EXACT DISTANCE COVERED WASN'T GIVEN. SAID THE AIR FORCE:

"PRELIMINARY TELEMETERY REPORTS INDICATE THE RE-ENTRY VEHICLE IMPACTED IN THE GENERAL TARGET AREA DOWNRANGE."

THE AIR FORCE SPOKESMAN ADDED:

"WE'RE EXTREMELY HAPPY WITH THE ENTIRE TEST, THIS BEING THE FIRST TITAN LAUNCHED FROM AN OPERATIONAL TYPE FACILITY."

THE FIRING TODAY FOLLOWED THE OPERATIONS SYSTEM FOR TITAN SHOTS: THE TWO-STAGE ROCKET LIFTED FROM THE GROUND. SOON AFTERWARD THE FIRST STAGE BOOSTER FELL AWAY. THE SECOND STAGE CARRIED THE NOSE CONE TO AN AREA ABOVE THE TARGET ZONE. THEN THE NOSE CONE--WHICH WOULD

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CARRY A NUCLEAR WEAPON IN A COMBAT SITUATION--PLUNGED TOWARD THE TARGET.

THE SECOND STAGE ITSELF, WITHOUT THE CONE, BURNED UP IN THE ATMOSPHERE.

MAIN GOAL OF THE TEST: A SUCCESSFUL FIRING UNDER CONDITIONS COMPARABLE TO THOSE AT VARIOUS TITAN BASES BEING RUSHED TO COMPLETION IN WESTERN AND CENTRAL STATES.

NOT ONLY THE MISSILE ITSELF BUT ITS LAIR, A BOMBPROOF SILO FROM WHICH IT WAS ELEVATED JUST BEFORE FIRING, WERE ON TRIAL.

TITANS OF THE TYPE LAUNCHED TODAY ARE DESIGNED, LIKE THE ALREADY OPERATIONAL ATLAS, TO FIRE ON 15 MINUTES WARNING. THEY ARE FUELED IN THEIR SILOS AND MUST BE ELEVATED TO THE SURFACE FOR LAUNCHING.

A FOLLOW ON VERSION CALLED TITAN II CAN BE STORED, FUELED, INDEFINITELY AND BE FIRED FROM THE BOTTOM OF THE SILO. IT WILL CARRY A HEAVIER LOAD A LONGER DISTANCE. IT IS STILL UNDER DEVELOPMENT.

IN TODAY'S TEST THE MISSILE WAS ELEVATED, IN A VERTICAL POSITION, FROM ITS 165-FOOT-DEEP HOLE AT 12:34 P.M.

TWO MINUTES LATER THE 300,000-POUND THRUST FIRST STAGE ENGINE IGNITED WITH AN EAR-SPLITTING ROAR.

THE WHITE AND GREENISH-YELLOW MISSILE LIFTED SLOWLY AND MAJESTICALLY FROM ITS LAUNCHING PAD AND ROSE STRAIGHT INTO THE CLOUDLESS BLUE SKY. WHEN IT DISAPPEARED A LITTLE OVER 90 SECONDS LATER, ITS ARC OVER THE OCEAN WAS NOT YET APPARENT TO GROUND OBSERVERS 9,000 FEET

FROM ITS LAUNCHING PAD AND ROSE STRAIGHT INTO THE CLOUDLESS BLUE SKY. WHEN IT DISAPPEARED A LITTLE OVER 90 SECONDS LATER, ITS ARC OVER THE OCEAN WAS NOT YET APPARENT TO GROUND OBSERVERS 9,000 FEET FROM THE PAD.

TROOPS ALREADY ARE IN TRAINING HERE TO MAN TITAN BASES BEING COMPLETED IN IDAHO, COLORADO, SOUTH DAKOTA, WASHINGTON, ARIZONA, KANSAS, ARKANSAS AND CALIFORNIA. ALTOGETHER, THEY WILL HAVE 108 TITANS IN SILOS.

ONE OTHER TITAN HAS BEEN TEST-FIRED HERE IN A BOTTOM-OF-THE SILO LAUNCH. SEVERAL HAVE BEEN FIRED FROM CAPE CANAVERAL, FLA., TO TEST PERFORMANCE OF THE MISSILE ITSELF.

FH1252PPD

28 (Q) (WX)

PRAGUE, SEPT. 23 (AP)--CZECHOSLOVAK AUTHORITIES ANNOUNCED TONIGHT THEY ARE HOLDING AN AMERICAN COUPLE AS ALLEGED LEADERS OF AN ESPIONAGE RING.

CTK, THE OFFICIAL CZECHOSLOVAK NEWS AGENCY, IDENTIFIED THE AMERICANS AS EMERY SARMIR, 44-YEAR-OLD NATIVE OF AKRON, OHIO, AND HIS WIFE MARY. THE CTK DISPATCH INDICATED AN UNDISCLOSED NUMBER OF OTHER PERSONS ALSO HAVE BEEN ARRESTED.

"THE PURPOSE OF THE LIQUIDATED ESPIONAGE RING WAS TO OBTAIN AND TURN OVER TO THE WEST REPORTS OF A MILITARY CHARACTER IMPORTANT FOR THE DEFENSE OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA," CTK SAID. "THEY HAD SPECIAL EQUIPMENT FOR CARRYING OUT THEIR ESPIONAGE TASKS WHICH HAS BEEN CONFISCATED."

THE AGENCY SAID SARMIR LATELY HAD BEEN LIVING IN VIENNA AND

"ALWAYS CAME TO CZECHOSLOVAKIA PRETENDING TO BE A TOURIST, ACCOMPANIED BY HIS WIFE, WHO ALSO WAS FULLY ENGAGED IN ESPIONAGE ACTIVITIES." THEY WERE ARRESTED A FEW DAYS AGO BY INTERIOR MINISTRY OFFICIALS, THE REPORT ADDED.

IN VIENNA, U. S. EMBASSY OFFICIALS SAID SARMIR AND HIS WIFE WERE NOT KNOWN TO THEM.

A JANITOR AT A VIENNA ADDRESS GIVEN BY THE CTK ANNOUNCEMENT CONFIRMED THE SARMIRS MAINTAINED AN APARTMENT THERE.

SHE SAID THE COUPLE LEFT VIENNA SIX WEEKS AGO FOR WHAT THEY SAID WOULD BE A TWO-MONTH TRIP.

SHE SAID SHE DID NOT KNOW HOW LONG THE SARMIRS HAD BEEN IN VIENNA OR WHAT SARMIRS' OCCUPATION WAS.

JE709PER

--DASH--

BOTH SARMIR AND HIS WIFE, 40, ARE AMERICAN CITIZENS. THEY LIVED IN THE CLEVELAND, OHIO, AREA FROM 1948-59, RELATIVES THERE SAID.

SARMIR, A NATIVE OF AKRON, WAS A PUNCH PRESS OPERATOR IN EUCLID, OHIO, FROM 1936-1958, EXCEPT FOR ABOUT FOUR YEARS IN WORLD WAR II WHEN HE SERVED WITH THE ARMY IN THE CHINA-BURMA-INDIA THEATER.

RELATIVES SAID HE WAS HONORABLY DISCHARGED AS A MASTER SERGEANT IN 1958 AND MET HIS WIFE ON A VISIT TO CZECHOSLOVAKIA IN 1947. SHE WAS VACATIONING FROM HER HOME IN NEW YORK. THEY WERE MARRIED AND ESTABLISHED THEIR HOME IN CLEVELAND SHORTLY AFTER LEAVING CZECHOSLOVAKIA.

SINCE 1959, THE COUPLE HAS BEEN LIVING IN VIENNA. THE SARMIRS PURCHASED AND OPERATED AN AUTOMATIC LAUNDRY ESTABLISHMENT IN THE AUSTRIAN CAPITAL, LIVING IN A TWO-ROOM APARTMENT IN THE REAR OF THE STORE.

SARMIR'S UNCLE, VENDEL SARMIR OF CLEVELAND, AND HIS COUSIN, JOSEPH SARMIR, SAID THE COUPLE MADE OCCASIONAL TRIPS IN AN AUTOMOBILE THEY OWNED TO VODERADI, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, ABOUT AN HOUR'S DRIVE FROM VIENNA. EMERY SARMIR LIVED IN VODERADI FROM 1920-1936. HIS MOTHER AND TWO SISTERS LIVE THERE. HE HAS A BROTHER, FRANK, WHO LIVES IN CLEVELAND. THE ARRESTED COUPLE HAVE NO CHILDREN.

RELATIVES IN THE CLEVELAND AREA HAD REQUESTED INFORMATION THROUGH U.S. REP. CHARLES A. VANIK, D-OHIO, WHEN THEY FAILED TO HEAR FROM THE VIENNA SARMIRS SEVERAL WEEKS AGO.

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